# Challenges for the Danube Region's Cluster Policies

### Pavla Břusková President National Cluster Association - CZ



## Clusters - 25 years as a part of the global economy

- **1990** The Competitive Advantage of Nations **1998** – On Competition
- **2011** Creating Shared Value
  - Redefining value chains
  - Reconceiving products and services
  - Strengthening local clusters

**Creating Social Value:** Investments that address social and environmental objectives

**Creating Shared Value:** Investments in long-term business competitiveness that simultaneously address social and environmental objectives

**Creating Business Value:** Investments in long-term competitiveness



... competitive industries are concentrated in clusters...





# http://clustermapping.us/

**Porter:** 

#### Μ.

"Clusters, as research over the last few years has clearly shown, are central to how regional economies work and to enhancing competitiveness."

#### The U.S. Cluster Mapping Project

- national economic initiative led by HBS's Institute for Strategy and Competitiveness in partnership with the U.S. Department of Commerce and U.S. EDA
- over 50 million open data records on unique economic profiles of individual U.S. states based on clusters



 over 250 million USD/year (2014, 2015) to promote economic growth and national competitiveness, for creating new jobs, economic opportunities and for informed decision-making on further investments.

## Cluster policy in rich economies



# The IDEAL: Consistent Cluster Policy

The cluster policy should **serve for** the permanent **balancing of the public inputs** (e.g. availability of cluster professionals, funding, programmes, infrastructure, training, governance and evaluation mechanisms) extended **according to specific needs of each phase and segment of the cluster concept** 



with the expected outputs (e.g. employment and innovation, competitiveness and overall economic growth).

# The REALITY: Inconsistent Cluster Policies

In many countries the cluster policies show disproportions in consistency and continuity of the systemic and financial support throughout the cluster development stages: EXAMPLES:

a) Fail in keeping on the started initiative: Developing/transition countries receiving foreign economic aid for cluster development do not continue it on their own, clusters fall out of the agenda of the governments after the aid is terminated:



**b)** Concentration on cluster organisation only: Countries with a long-term cluster policy underestimate the necessity of updating the cluster mapping and professional facilitation of cluster actors before the CO is established; low or not existing cluster governance on regional level (no funding for the "incubation" of CO):



## Czech national /EU funding programmes

**OPPP-CLUSTERS** - mapping and facilitation of cooperation, funding of cluster organisations development (2004-2006)

• 53 supported projects / 6 M€

**OPPI-COOPERATION** – cluster joint projects (2007-2013)

- 41 supported projects / 50 M€
- Profound feasibility study with obligatory indicators for joint projects (number and quality of innovative and R & D projects, internationalisation.

**OPPIK-COOPERATION** – cluster joint projects (2014-2020)

- Priority axis 1 "R&D for Innovation" collective research, shared research infrastructure, inter-sectoral cooperation, internationalisation and cluster organisation development
- 400 M€ allocated
- The "cluster-league" approach: evaluation of the applying cluster organisations at the registration for funding and their classification: *immature developed excellent*

Limited to processing industries and ICT, newly AV and design

# Cluster organisations of the Czech Republic



# **Zlin Creative Cluster Initiative**



**CreaClust -** A Cross-border Cluster Initiative for the Development of Creative Industry in the Zlin (CZ) and Trenčín (SK) regions (2011–2012)

#### Project partners: Tomas Bata University in Zlin, Faculty of Management and Economics A. Dubcek University in Trencin

- Mapping and statistical analysis of creative industries and their potential in the border regions, including the "creativity index";
- Select the most promising creative industry sectors, facilitate appropriate businesses, organisations and institutions for cooperation;
- Organize and form a cross-border cluster initiative, jointly undertake a pilot project on s cluster organisation set-up;
- **Zlin Audiovisual Cluster –** cluster organisation established in 2013
- Converted to Zlin Creative Cluster on 20 October 2015 covering the audiovisual, design, advertising and architecture industries with the TBU Faculty of Multimedia Communication is the leader.

## National Cluster Association - CZ

The establishment of the National Cluster Association (NCA-CZ) in 2008 as a non-profit association of individuals and legal bodies with the goal to:

- ensure coordinated and sustainable development of cluster initiatives in the Czech Republic
- advocate clusters and their interests towards the government
- aligning with the European Commission policies & actions
- Facilitating cluster internationalisation and transfer of the best practices into the Czech Republic

The partner in European projects – CluStrat – New cluster concepts (CENTRAL EUROPE); V4Clusters – International Visegrad Fund; Gender in innovation – innovation in clusters







Mission: "The National Cluster Association creates a long-term and competent platform for the development of cluster initiatives within the Czech Republic and an active interface for their internationalization."

HELPING CLUSTERS TO CLUSTER

## Members of the NCA in 2015

#### **Cluster organisations**

#### APPLIED RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGIES

- CzechBio
- Czech Nanotechnological Cluster
- Cluster of Applied Biotechnologies
- MedChemBio
- NANOPROGRES

#### ENERGY, MATERIALS, MANUFACTURING

- CREA Hydro&Energy
- Czech Stone Cluster
- Cluster of Czech Furniture-Makers
- Cluster of Precise Machinery Vysočina
- Moravian-Silesian Automotive Cluster
- Plastics Cluster

#### ICT & SAFETY & SECURITY

- Safety Technology Cluster
- Hi-tech Innovation Cluster
- IT Cluster
- Network Security Monitoring Cluster SERVICES, AGRICULTURE
  - Agroklastr Vysočina
  - KLACR (tourism)
  - Moravian Forest Cluster



- Development, education and innovation infrastructure
- BIC R&D, s.r.o., Brno
- DEX Innovation Centre
- Regional Development Agency of the Ústí Region
- RERA Regional Development Agency of the South Bohemian Region
- Palacký University in Olomouc, Science Technology Park and Business Incubator
- Tomas Bata University in Zlin, Faculty of management and economics
- Technology Centre, Academy of Science of the Czech Republic

#### NCA is the member of:

The Competitiveness Institute The European Cluster Alliance The ECO, ECCP AIP ČR, AMSP, ANNO ČR

# Czech cluster policy up-grade

Tomas Bata University in Zlín Faculty of Management and Economics

The research grant of the Czech Technology Agency : *"The Cluster Policy* of the Czech Republic and Its Regions" (2012-13) with the output of

## Certified methodology for the Regional Cluster Policy

- public investment in mapping, facilitation, cluster organization incubation, monitoring and impact measurement

## Certified methodology for the National Cluster Policy

- cluster accreditation system, training, cluster development program, project funding, cluster policy impact measurement

# Principles of a smart cluster policy

#### Messages for the politicians and public sector officials

- Act as a careful manager and sophisticated client the "revealing" of existing clusters should be considered as a part of the government due diligence of the territory administration – clusters are the regional assets that wait for capitalisation;
- **Build on local differences** prove the competitive advantage through the cluster mapping and cluster analysis tools, include the emerging and cross-sectoral industries.
- Understand which industries cluster and how to smooth the way to cooperation and trust among businesses through the cluster initiative and cluster actors facilitation tools.
- Understand the cluster life cycle differentiate actions in line with the cluster life cycle needs – provide measures and funding that ensure the consistency and continuity of the cluster policy.
- Foster the dialogue between firms and government through a cluster organisation perform the cluster governance in line with the region's needs. *Measure, monitor and evaluate!*

# Potential for cooperation within the Danube and B&BS Regions partners

- Joint promotion of the consistent cluster policy approach and relevant awareness building & training
- Facilitation of cluster to cluster cooperation
- University research and mobility on clusters
- Identification of topics for joint projects:



Signature of MoU on collaboration between NCA and Cluster House, Novi Grad, Serbia, 2. 9. 2015

- quality of cluster management training, monitoring, internationalization;
- cluster governance skills development focused on regional level;
  - **cluster performance** optimization and evaluation – national scheme for accreditation of cluster organisation

#### Let's think cluster-like:

- cooperation
- openness
- fair competition and business
- mutual learning and sharing experience
- searching for synergies and development opportunities
- focus on professional excellence
  It pays off to all those concerned

# Thank you for your attention

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